



Saturday, 19 March 2022

PDF of Sum, Quotient and Difference of Multiple Variables Study Notes | Larry Cui

1 Transformation

theorem

Suppose X is a continuous random variable. Let Y = aX + b. Then

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{|a|} f_X\left(\frac{y-b}{a}\right)$$

Proof:

We begin by writing an expression for the cdf of Y:

$$F_Y(y) = P(Y \leqslant y) = P(aX + b \leqslant y) = P\left(X \leqslant \frac{y - b}{a}\right) \qquad \triangleright \ a > 0$$

Differentiating $F_Y(y)$ yields $f_Y(y)$:

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{d}{dy}F_Y(y) = \frac{d}{dy}F_X\left(\frac{y-b}{a}\right) = \frac{dx}{dy}f_X\left(\frac{y-b}{a}\right) = \frac{1}{a}f_X\left(\frac{y-b}{a}\right)$$

However, when a < 0, $F_Y(y) = P\left(X > \frac{y-b}{a}\right) = 1 - P\left(X \leqslant \frac{y-b}{a}\right)$. Differentiating it the same way we can get:

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{d}{dy}F_Y(y) = \frac{d}{dy}\left(1 - F_X\left(\frac{y-b}{a}\right)\right) = -\frac{dx}{dy}f_X\left(\frac{y-b}{a}\right) = -\frac{1}{a}f_X\left(\frac{y-b}{a}\right)$$

Combine the two situations: $f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{|a|} f_X\left(\frac{y-b}{a}\right)$.

2 PDF of a Sum

theorem

Suppose that X and Y are independent random variables. Let W = X + Y. Then

$$f_W(w) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) f_Y(w - x) dx$$

Proof:

We start with cdf again:

$$F_W(w) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{w-x} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx$$
$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) \left[\int_{-\infty}^{w-x} f_Y(y) \, dy \right] dx$$
$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) F_Y(w-x) \, dx$$

Differentiating $F_W(w)$ to get $f_W(w)$:

$$f_W(w) = \frac{d}{dw} F_W(w) = \frac{d}{dw} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) F_Y(w - x) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) \left[\frac{d}{dw} F_Y(w - x) \right] dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) \left[\frac{dy}{dw} f_Y(w - x) \right] dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) f_Y(w - x) dx \qquad \qquad \triangleright \ y = w - x \to \frac{dy}{dw} = 1$$

3 PDF of Quotient

theorem

Suppose that X and Y are independent random variables. Let W = Y/X. Then

$$f_W(w) = |x| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) f_Y(wx) dx$$

Proof:

We start with cdf. As we know, $F_W(w) = P(Y/X \leq w)$. We need to calculate the cdf for $X \geq 0$ and x < 0 separately, and combine the results of two situations together.

$$(1)X \geqslant 0:$$

$$P(Y/X \leqslant w) = P(Y \leqslant wX) = \int_0^\infty \int_{-\infty}^{wx} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx$$

(2)
$$X < 0$$
:
 $P(Y/X \le w) = P(Y > wX) = 1 - P(Y \le wX) = 1 - \int_{-\infty}^{0} \int_{-\infty}^{wx} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx$

Now we can have the cdf of $F_W(w)$:

$$F_W(w) = \int_0^\infty \int_{-\infty}^{wx} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx + 1 - \int_{-\infty}^0 \int_{-\infty}^{wx} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx$$

Then we differentiate $F_W(w)$ to obtain:

$$f_W(w) = \frac{d}{dw} F_W(w) = \frac{d}{dw} \int_0^\infty \int_{-\infty}^{wx} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx - \frac{d}{dw} \int_{-\infty}^0 \int_{-\infty}^{wx} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f_X(x) \left(\frac{d}{dw} \int_{-\infty}^{wx} f_Y(y) \, dy \right) dx - \int_{-\infty}^0 f_X(x) \left(\frac{d}{dw} \int_{-\infty}^{wx} f_Y(y) \, dy \right) dx$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f_X(x) \left(\frac{dy}{dw} f_Y(wx) \right) dx - \int_{-\infty}^0 f_X(x) \left(\frac{dy}{dw} f_Y(wx) \right) dx$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f_X(x) \left(x f_Y(wx) \right) dx - \int_{-\infty}^0 f_X(x) \left(x f_Y(wx) \right) dx \qquad \triangleright \quad y = wx \rightarrow \frac{dy}{dw} = x$$

$$= \int_0^\infty |x| f_X(x) f_Y(wx) dx + \int_{-\infty}^0 |x| f_X(x) f_Y(wx) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^\infty |x| f_X(x) f_Y(wx) dx$$

4 PDF of Product

theorem

Suppose that X and Y are independent random variables. Let W = XY. Then

$$f_W(w) = \frac{1}{|x|} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) f_Y(w/x) dx$$

Proof:

We start with cdf. As we know, $F_W(w) = P(XY \leq w)$. We also need to calculate the cdf for $X \geq 0$ and x < 0 separately, and combine the results of two situations together.

$$(1)X \geqslant 0:$$

$$P(XY \leqslant w) = P(Y \leqslant w/X) = \int_0^\infty \int_{-\infty}^{w/x} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx$$

$$(2)X < 0$$
:

$$P(XY \le w) = P(Y > w/X) = 1 - P(Y \le w/X) = 1 - \int_{-\infty}^{0} \int_{-\infty}^{w/x} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx$$

Now we can have the cdf of $F_W(w)$:

$$F_W(w) = \int_0^\infty \int_{-\infty}^{w/x} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx + 1 - \int_{-\infty}^0 \int_{-\infty}^{w/x} f_X(x) f_Y(y) \, dy \, dx$$

Then we differentiate $F_W(w)$ to obtain:

$$f_{W}(w) = \frac{d}{dw} F_{W}(w) = \frac{d}{dw} \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{w/x} f_{X}(x) f_{Y}(y) \, dy \, dx - \frac{d}{dw} \int_{-\infty}^{0} \int_{-\infty}^{w/x} f_{X}(x) f_{Y}(y) \, dy \, dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} f_{X}(x) \left(\frac{1}{x} f_{Y}(w/x) \right) dx - \int_{-\infty}^{0} f_{X}(x) \left(\frac{1}{x} f_{Y}(w/x) \right) dx \qquad \triangleright \ y = w/x \to \frac{dy}{dw} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{|x|} f_{X}(x) f_{Y}(w/x) \, dx$$